

THE EVENING BULLETIN

MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1869.

An appropriation of \$26,000,000 is asked of the present Congress to begin the construction of heavy ordnance required for coast defenses.

The report of the Fortifications Board estimates that it will require \$126,000,000 to establish a good system of coast defenses for this country.

Some recent sickness at Palatka, Fla., is attributed to the eating of frozen oranges. One of the papers claims that the poison of the peel is driven in by the frost.

Rev. Dr. Haywood estimates the number of colored children attending school in the South at 1,000,000. Since the close of the civil war between \$40,000,000 and \$50,000,000 have been expended in the education of the colored children in the South alone.

The committee to investigate the charges of bribery in the Ohio Senatorial election two years ago will begin work it is said by summoning John R. McLean, Senator Payne, Oliver Payne, Robert Breese and a number of other prominent individuals to tell what they know about it. The committee doesn't intend to allow any "monkeying" but will sift the thing to the bottom and unearth the corruption if there is any to be found.

The verdict in the case wherein Mrs. Mary D. Day recovered \$1,689 from some stock brokers who had sold her shares of stock through them without her authority, indicating that marriage state is important. Will it affect the law? That is the question.

And so it is with every transaction of life. Matrimony is the best.—(New York Sun).

Can it be that the author of the above is some poor, "hen-pecked" husband, who is trying to play a cruel joke on some of his bachelor friends by inducing them to take "that awful leap into the unfathomable abyss of matrimony?"

A CORRESPONDENT of the Louisville Commercial discloses a disgraceful state of affairs in the clerk's office of the Court of Appeals. Capt. Thomas Henry the present incumbent hasn't been in Frankfort for three or four months and whenever he does make his appearance there, he gets on a big drunk and so conducts himself that the Judges are glad when he leaves. If the charges are true he should be "bounced" from his office without ceremony.

CRAIGIE J. CANDA was lately appointed Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York. Some people attribute Canda's luck to the fact that a picture of Cleveland, in a horse-shoe frame, has occupied a prominent place for some time in the elevator by which Canda daily reached his office. If this fact becomes known to the horde of hungry office-seekers throughout the country we may expect a boom in two things, at least—horse-shoes and Cleveland photographs.

The scenes enacted in the Ohio Senate last Friday were a disgrace to the fair name of the Bu-kye State. Some of her Republican politicians and tricksters seem bent on riling or ruining. The action of Lieutenant-Governor Kennedy in refusing to let senators vote who the Supreme Court of the State had decided were elected and entitled to seats, was certainly a piece of unparalleled impudence. It was revolutionary in its character, and will certainly tend to create a disrespect for the laws and the courts. There is no telling where the master will end. As it is now, the State has two Senates.

The Fall River correspondent of the Boston Globe, in speaking of the cotton manufacturing interests of that place says: "The record of 1853 is not a very bright one, even when compared with the dull business of 1833 and 1834. But to-day, with a stock of goods lower than has been known for years, and with the enormous quantity of 1,355,000 pieces sold since, our manufacturers enter upon the new year with strong hopes of an improving business. Already the indications of a brisk spring trade are accumulating, and the print works even now is forced to run extra time to keep up with its orders."

In Kentucky we should seek to arouse deeper interest in the cause of education. Our schools are well enough supported and improved and their benefits extended, and no discussion need be had. Frankfort are most nearly on the right track in their educational Committee on Education.

The educational committees will report to the Legislature a bill authorizing each school district to levy a tax for school purposes.

This is the right direction.—(Court Journal).

If we are not very much mistaken the present school law authorizes each district to levy a tax for school purposes, and a bill to that effect would simply be a repetition of the law. If an act could be passed compelling each district to levy a tax then we might expect to see such a thing done and we might hope to see better schools in a short time. There isn't one district in a hundred that will levy a tax unless it be made compulsory upon them to do so. And yet there is nothing more evident than the fact that the bettering of our public schools now depends upon local taxation alone. The State has done her part.

ABOUT MR. CLEVELAND.

SOME STRONG FLOATING RUMORS FORCIBLY DENIED.

The President Has Received No Request From the Senate for Any Papers Touching Appointments.—He Has Not Received or Changed His Mind—Gueswerk.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—There has been a great deal published of late respecting the attitude of the president in regard to furnishing the Senate with reasons for removing Federal office-holders; but the exact facts in this case are not yet known and exaggerated. The United Press has given the word of the president for the following statement:

The president has received no communication or request from the Senate for any papers touching appointments or suspensions, and he has made no announcement to the effect as to what he will do if such a request is made. He has had no talk with any Republican senator concerning the matter, and I have no manner received from or changed his position.

The president's refusal for suspension and appointment have been made by some of the committees of the Senate through their chairmen or clerks, of the cabinet officers, and they have been provided with papers showing the names of the appointees, and when the statement as yet, that have not been directed to furnish the president's reasons for his non-suspension.

In the case of Armstrong, he suspended him without consulting the Senate, and the answer was substantially that the removal was made for the good of the government service and the exercise of the discretion vested in him, the president. No other reason was given. The president's present position is asked for reasons for his non-suspension, and until then all documents and declaimations as to his position may be regarded as guess.

THE BLIZZARD.

Cold and Blowing in Below—Newspapers in Every City.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 25.—The blizzard, which has been raging since Thursday is the worst ever known among the railroads for years. In every direction it is very cold and blowing at a terrific rate, filling cars and making travel impossible. It is impossible to keep them clean long enough to run trains. Trains on the Southern Minnesota division of the Milwaukee railroad have been abandoned.

It was 40 degrees below zero at St. Paul yesterday. The second division of the St. Louis road, south of Albert Lea, is abandoned, and their 8:30 train for St. Louis will not run until the storm abates. Burlington & Northern is also badly blocked.

In Iowa.

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa, Jan. 25.—A blizzard struck this station at 1 o'clock this morning and everything is snowed in, with the winds still high. The thermometer at 9 a.m. was 21 degrees below zero. On the roads snow cuts hard, and the snow packed hard and solid. No train can stop here certainly for twenty-four, and likely forty-eight hours.

Fifteen Below.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 25.—Severe cold weather is again prevailing throughout Ontario, accompanied in the northern portion by a blizzard. The temperature ranges from zero to 15 degrees below. Railway travel is considerably delayed. The Canadian Pacific Atlantic express is snowed up at White River.

In Idaho.

BELLEVUE, Idaho, Jan. 25.—Last night came the coldest weather the winter. It snowed all night and continued northward, drifting the snow badly. The thermometer at 9 a.m. was 21 degrees below zero. On the roads snow cuts hard, and the snow packed hard and solid. No train can stop here certainly for twenty-four, and likely forty-eight hours.

TRRRRIBLE REVENGE.

A Child Attempts to Burn Her Employer's Home and Create His Children.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Alice Halter, a young girl of fourteen, of Brooklyn, was charged with the crime of setting fire to a house of her employer, John J. Berger. She desired to go to a party with the family of her employer, John J. Berger. She refused to go, however. When she had gone she plotted a terrible revenge. Not only did she set fire to bed, and thus gathering some papers and other inflammable articles, piled them up in the bed room and set fire in the pantry. After separating the piles with coal oil she set them on fire.

She then started for the kitchen, and found that the hired man, who she supposed was absent, had fortunately returned in time to put out the burning fire. Seeing smoke rising from the kitchen, Mr. Berger ran down there and succeeded in stamping out the flames. Mr. Berger prepared a charge of arsenic against Alice, and she was arrested and held for trial.

ONE THOUSAND STRIKE.

Carter Weavers Go Out for an Advance of One Cent.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 25.—The Ingraham carpet weavers, in accordance with the demands of the men of the Lodge representing the various carpet mills in the Kensington district, this city, went out on strike. The strikers demand an advance of one cent and one-half cents per yard for carpet workers. The strikers number nearly 1,000 workers and represent nearly fifty of the principal carpet factories in Kensington.

A meeting of the strikers will be held in Spruce street hall to-morrow to determine what to do. It is stated that they are all prepared for the movement.

READING, Pa., Jan. 25.—Multitudinous difficulties beset the workingmen of the town to-morrow of alarming extent. Between twenty-five and thirty deaths have occurred within a short time within a radius of five miles. The disease has now broken out in the eastern portion of Richland township, and numerous deaths are reported every day.

Chang Suas a City.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.—A number of Chinese have begun suit in the United States circuit court against Eureka, California, for \$132,000 damages, alleged to have been suffered from the loss of property at the time of their expulsion from that city.

DELUGED WITH WATER.

Terrible Destruction and Loss of Life in San Francisco, Jan. 25.—The steamer Orizaba has arrived from Los Angeles, and brings details of the destruction produced by the storm. Sunday, Monday and Tuesday were rainiest days, and on Wednesday, the last named day, in Los Angeles Valley river, almost without warning, became a raging torrent, and soon flooded the southern part of the center of the town. The water rose over the streets, and over houses and vineyards, and rose two feet higher than the flood of February, 1884.

Over fifty houses were washed away or completely wrecked. Every bridge across the Los Angeles river was swept away and also hundreds of feet of track of the Southern Pacific and local railroads. Telegraph poles were included in the general destruction, and for three days they were cut off from telegraphic communication with the rest of the world. Mrs. Kate Little and Theresa Whitney, daughter of Thomas Whitney, a carpenter, were drowned while being rescued from their partially submerged home. The value of the property is believed to have been lost, and a large quantity of stock also perished. The damage to property in the city and county of Los Angeles is estimated at \$500,000.

THE COKE STRIKE.

SIX THOUSAND MEN OUT and the Movement Daily Growing.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 25.—The strikers in the coke regions have been quite orderly the past twenty-four hours. Mass meetings are held daily, and the strike and organization is being rapidly effected. Over six thousand men are now out, and all are united in the purpose to stay out until the old rates are restored.

He Lived High.

DALLAS, Tex., Jan. 25.—A. M. Wheaton, warden warden, whose accounts have been under examination, has filed after finally settling his household and personal effects estimated at \$8,000 to \$12,000, and he has squandered in riotous living.

Wholesale Killing.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 25.—On the night of the 17th last, Daniel Gray, "Dimp" Stevens, Thomas P. Hickey, and others, went to the house of Kate Harvey, in Madisonville, Ky., and began quarreling about her. All opened fire at the same time and twenty-two shots were exchanged. Dan Gray, Stevens, Hickey, and another man, and George Gray was shot three times and so badly hurt that he cannot recover. When the shooting began the woman fled from the house, and can give no particulars. All of the men were furnishers.

Ladies' White Merino Vests at 35 and 45 cents.

Gloves marked down to close out.

A few Cloaks left over which we offer at half the cost.

Five hundred yards romancing Dress Goods at one-half the cost.

We open a CHEAP TABLE loaded down with bargains.

WE shall invoice our stock in a few days, and previous to this we shall sell all our Winter Stock at whatever prices the goods will bring. Among them are some elegant OVERCOATS that have been selling for \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25. What is left of them we will let you take at \$6.50, \$8.50, \$10.00 and \$12.50, and the same reductions in Dress and Business Suits. Boys' and Children's Suits at from \$2.00 to 5.00 a Suit, worth just double the amount. Respectfully,

HECHINGER & CO.

CLEARING SALE

WINTER GOODS.

HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, BLANKETS, BED COMFORTS, FLANNELS, JEANS, CLOAKS and SHAWLS to be closed out at Half Price—No Winter Goods to be carried over—Now is your chance for Bargains.

Grey Blankets at 65, 75 and 90 cents and \$1.00 per pair; White Blankets at \$1.10, \$1.40, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$4.00 per pair. Men's Wool Shirts at 35 and \$1.00. Men's Red Wool Shirts at 50 cents and \$1.00.

Ladies' White Merino Vests at 35 and 45 cents.

Gloves marked down to close out.

A few Cloaks left over which we offer at half the cost.

Five hundred yards romancing Dress Goods at one-half the cost.

We open a CHEAP TABLE loaded down with bargains.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

For Sixty Days, For CASH,

—We will offer unprecedented Bargains in—

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We must get rid of our entire winter stock, and to accomplish this, will make prices that cannot be resisted. Come and see what we have; it will pay you. For CASH. Respectfully,

F. B. RANSON.

All persons paying their accounts before the 21st will be given One Ticket for Every Dollar Paid, on the Combination Diamond Ring and Stud—drawing on the 20th instant. Positively no postponement.

J. BALLINGER.

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Ask your retailer for the Original #3 Shoe.

None Genuine unless bearing this stamp.

James Means' #3 Shoe.

Made in Button, Congress & Loop, Black Cloth, White Cloth, Patent and Silk.

A postcard and appearance.

Patent leather.

How to get this Shoe in any size.

James Means' #3 Shoe.

Black Cloth Rhinestone.

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